

Absorber Review Meeting FNAL May 17, 2004

Status of MICE absorber

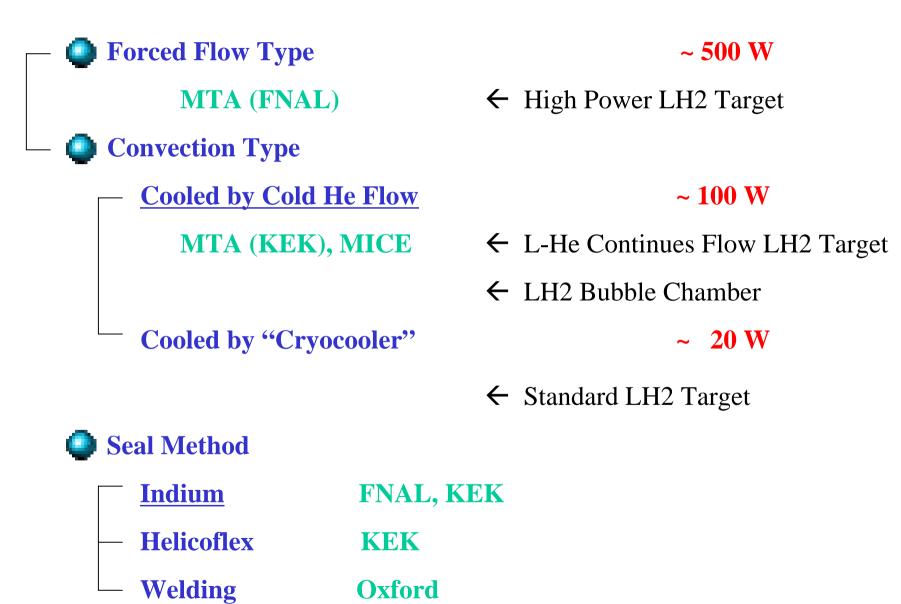
Shigeru Ishimoto, Shoji Suzuki (KEK) Mary Anne Cummings (NIU), Ed Black (IIT)



- (1) MICE Absorber Present Status
- (2) MICE Absorber Test Process and Test Cryostat
- (3) LH2 Level Sensor and Thermometers



LH2 Absorber R&D





Absorber heat deposit test

Absorber type	Where	Size	Heat deposited	Date for test
		(cm diam.)		
Convection (Mucool test)	MTA	21	~ 50 W (GHe + ambient)	May 2004 (thick windows)
Convection (MICE 1 st article)	MTA/KEK	30	~ 50 W (GHe or electric + ambient)	August 2004 (thick windows)
Convection (MICE experiment)	RAL	30	~ 20 W (MICE Stage 4)	June 2006 (thin windows)
Force-flow (Mucool test)	MTA	21	~ 350 W (LINAC p beam + ambient)	July 2006 (thin windows)

Neutrino factory absorber heat loads ~ few hundred watts



MICE Absorber Present Status



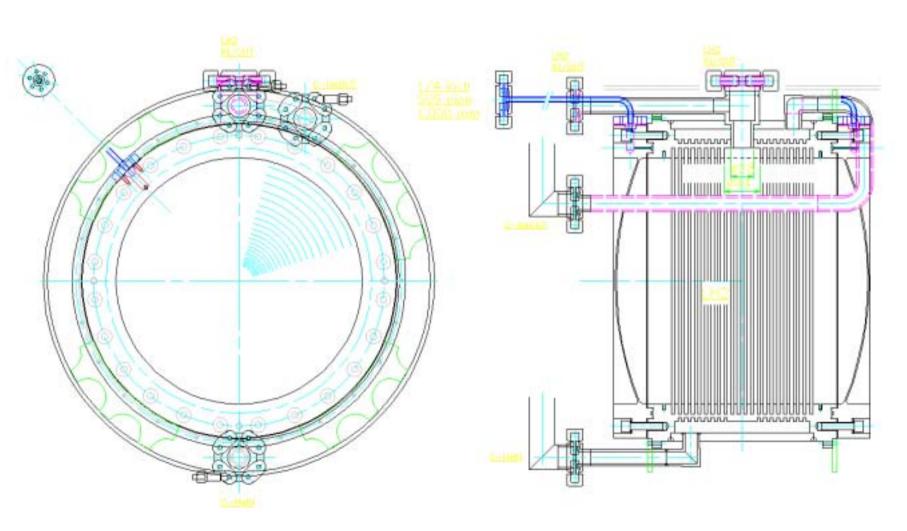
MICE Absorber (Absorber III)

Design Guide Line

- 1. Based on Absorber I and Absorber II developed at KEK.
- 2. D=300 mm, bolt-type flange
- 3. SS-bolt + Helisert (helical coil wire screw thread insert)
- 4. Double Indium-seal for absorber with H2 gas leak monitoring port, and single seal for vacuum windows.
- 5. Key structure to prevent the slip due to thermal expansion.
- 6. Fit to vacuum space and KEK test cryostat.
- 7. Diameter of vacuum window is 320 mm (Stay off line)
- 8. Absorber body support units (vertical and horizontal).

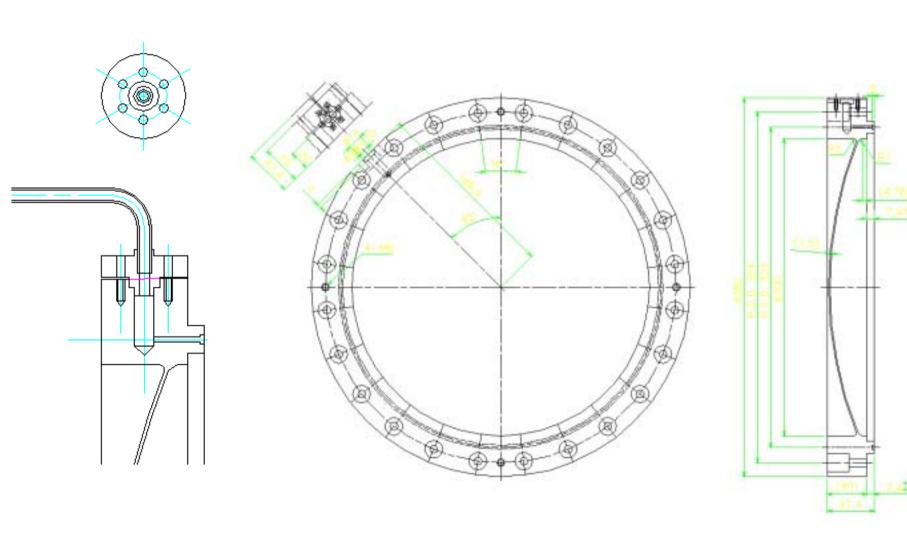


MICE Absorber Design



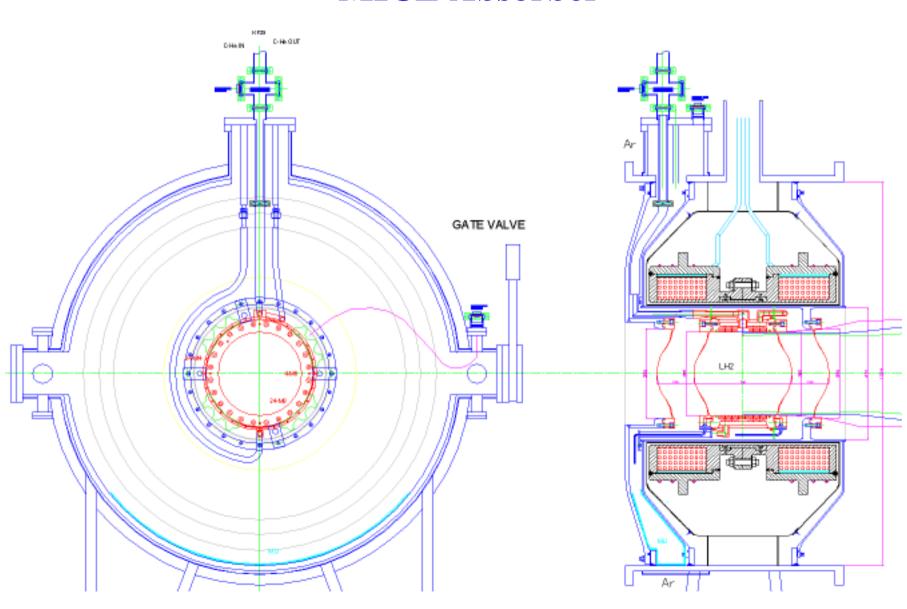


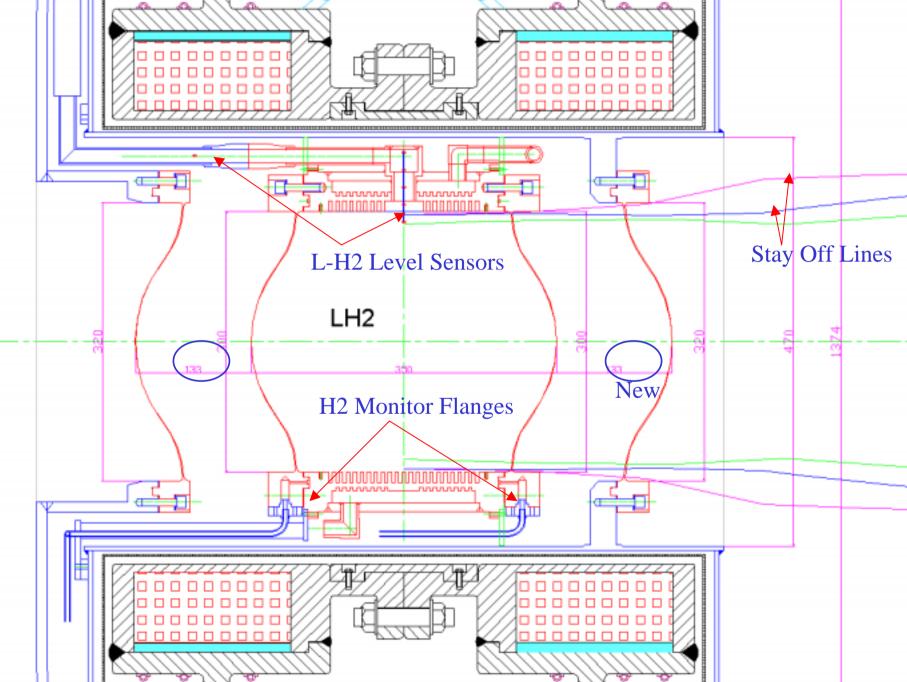
MICE Absorber Test Window with **H2 Leak Monitor**





MICE Absorber







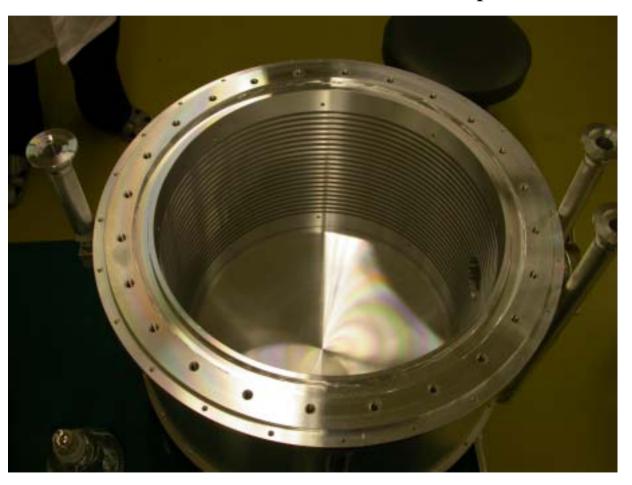
MICE Absorber

March-24, 2004





MICE absorber #01 with double Indium seals



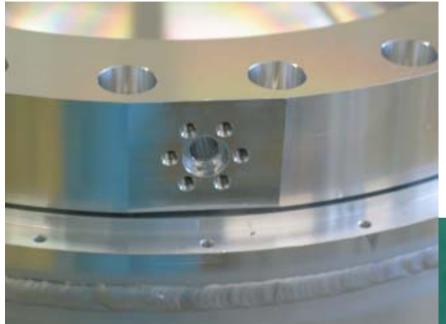


MICE absorber #01 with dummy windows





MICE absorber #01



Flange for H2 Leak Monitor

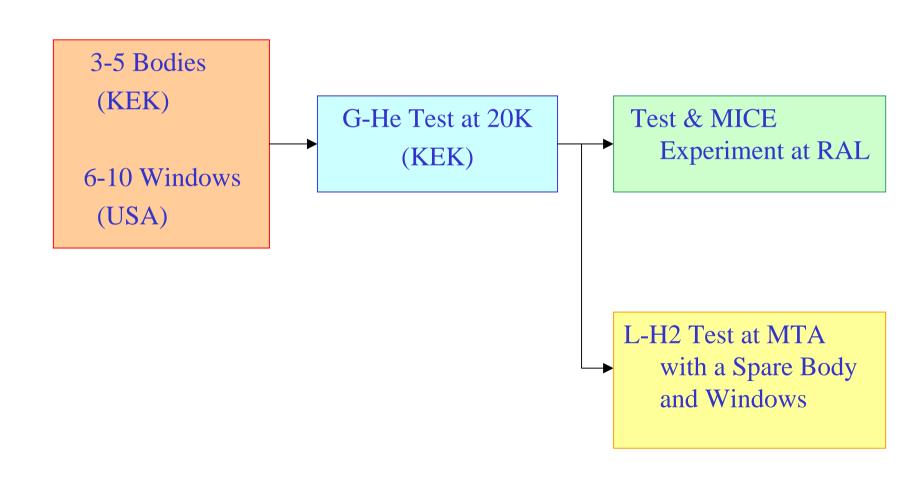




MICE Absorber Test Process and Test Cryostat



MICE Absorber Test Process





Helium leak test of MICE absorber #01





Pressure and Leak Test of

MICE Absorber #01 at Room Temperature

April-16th, 2004 at MIRAPRO

(1) Helium Leak Test

a) Leak detector was connected to the H2 Pot, $\frac{BG}{A} \sim 7.8 \times 10^{-11} \frac{Pa*m3}{sec}$

H2 pipes; OK

Windows; OK

Indium seal; OK

Space between Indium seals; OK

b) Leak detector was connected to the He pipe, $BG \sim 1.4 \times 10^{\circ}(-10) Pa*m3/sec$

He pipe and covers; OK

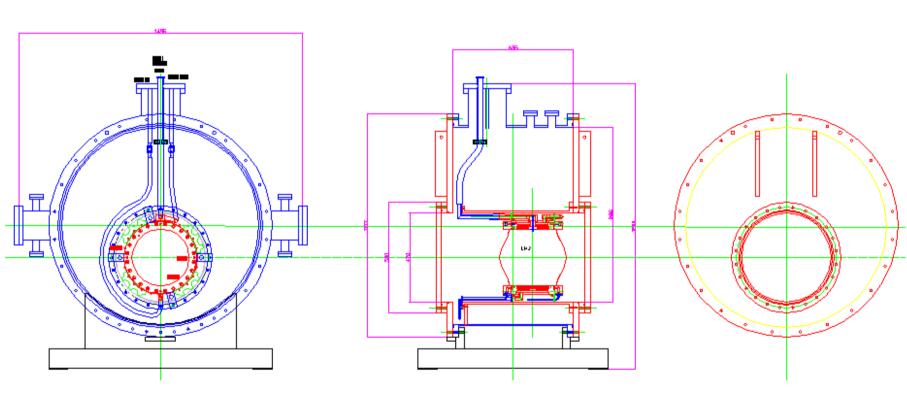
H2 pot to He pot; OK

(2) Pressure Test

- a) He pot; +0.30 MPaG N2 gas in 15 min; OK
- b) H2 pot; +0.27 MPaG N2 gas in 15 min; OK



MICE Absorber Test Cryostat (Plan)



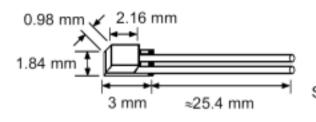


LH2 Level Sensor and Thermometers



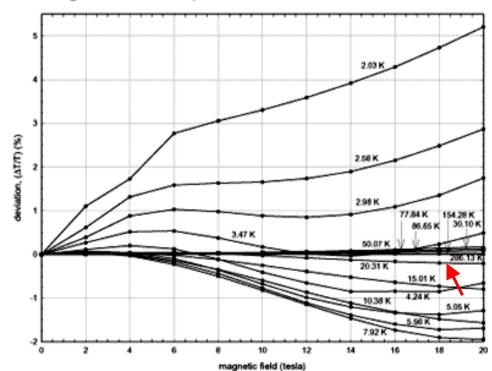
LH2 Level Sensor and Thermometers

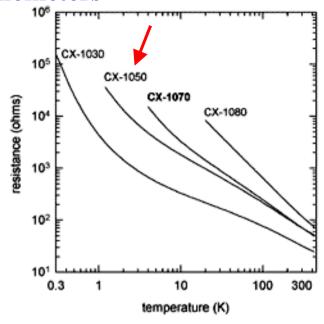
LakeShore CX-1050SD

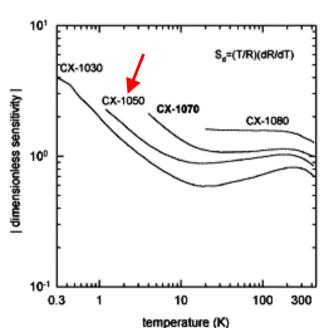


Leads: 32 AWG (0.2 mm diameter) Phosphor-Bronze Sensor Mass: 0.03 gram

Magnetic Field Dependence









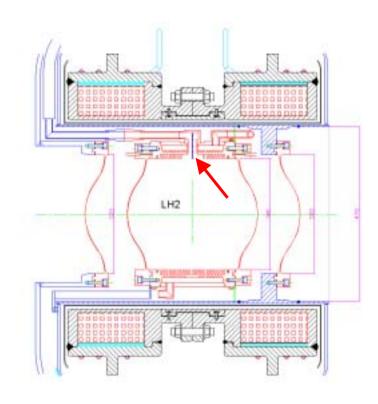
LH2 Level Sensor

Needs LH2 Level Monitor

- Cooling Experiment
- Operation Requirement
- Safety Requirement

No Space for Capacitance Level Sensor (AMI) D= 1/2", L > 5"

Level Monitor by Resistance Thermometer with high current $I \sim 10 \times I_{NORMAL}$



Resistance Thermometer

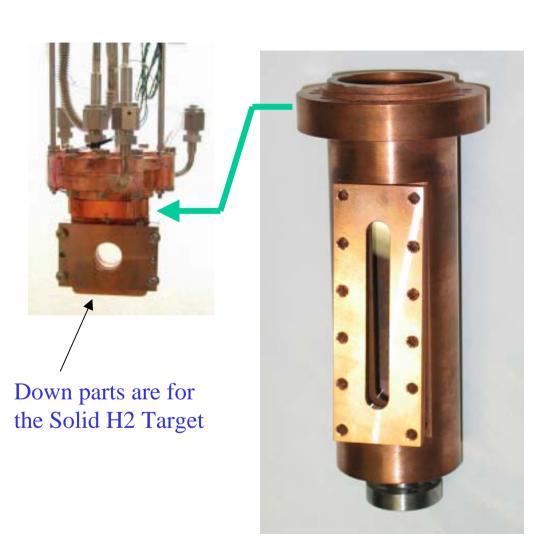
$$T = T_B + \delta T, R = R_B + \delta R$$

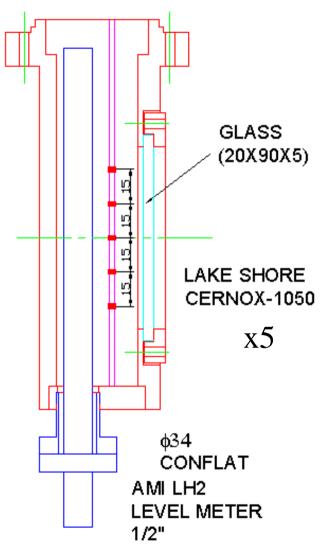
Liquid Level

$$T = T_B, R = R_B$$



Calibration of LH2 Level Sensor

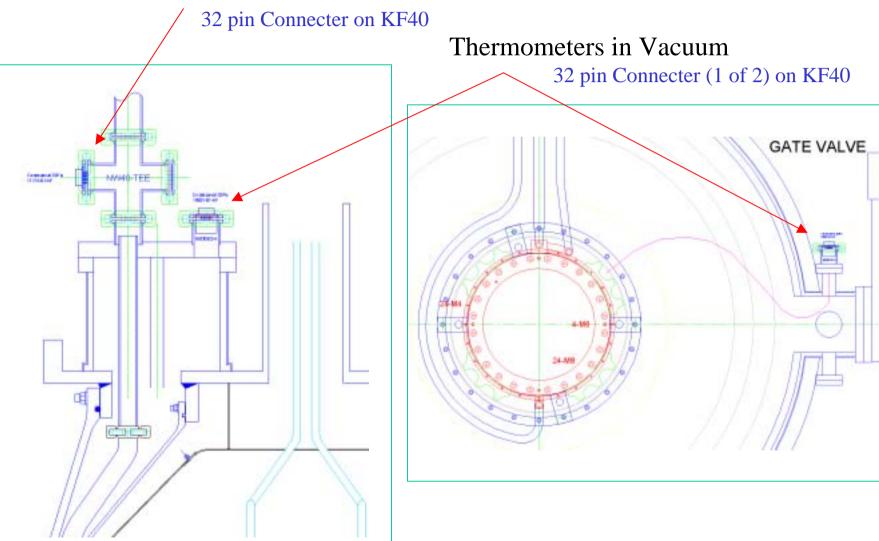






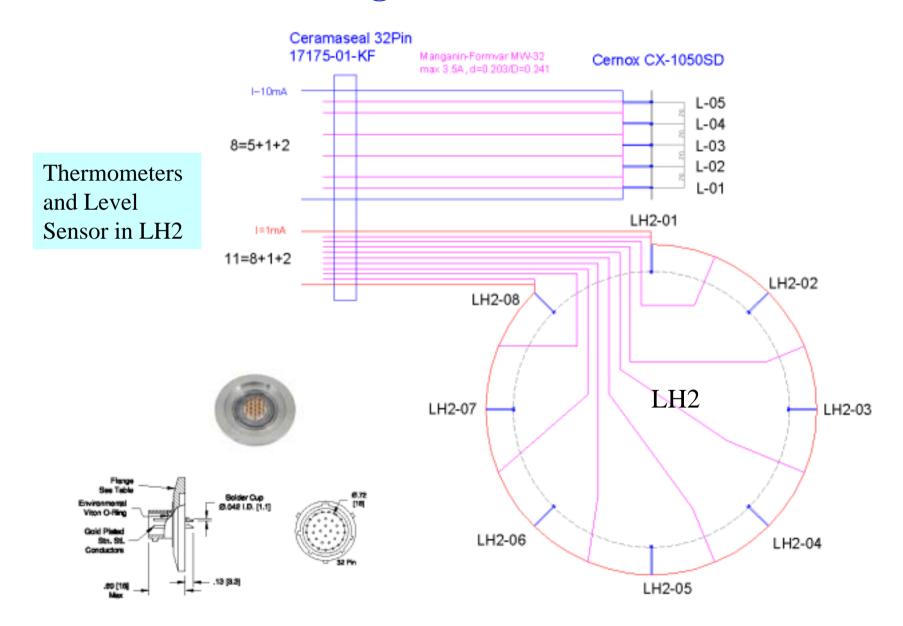
Wiring and Connecters

Thermometers and Level Sensor in LH2



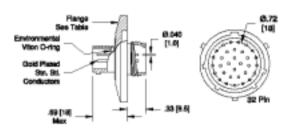


Wiring and Connecters (I)





Wiring and Connecters (II)

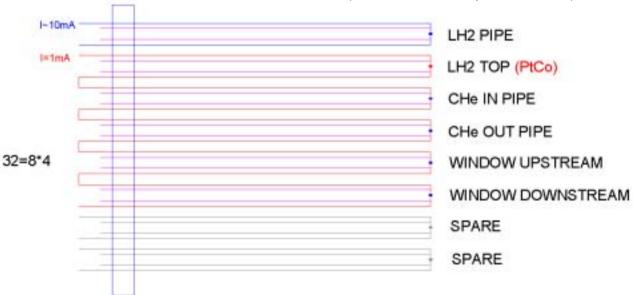




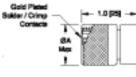
Thermometers in Vacuum



Vacuum (CX-1050SD except "LH2 TOP")











Summary

- (1) MICE absorber (#01) has arrived.
- (2) Horizontal test cryostat will be designed and fabricated at KEK.
- (3) MICE absorbers will be tested at KEK by cold G-He at 10-20K.
- (4) MICE absorbers will be shipped to RAL with sensors and real windows (ready to use).

← Planning

(5) L-H2 test at FNAL/MTA by a spare MICE absorber.

← Planning